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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Philippe Gatepin	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 7718	
09/836,096	04/17/2001		PHFR 000041		
24737 7	590 09/21/2005		EXAMINER		
PHILIPS INT	ELLECTUAL PROPER	CZEKAJ,	CZEKAJ, DAVID J		
P.O. BOX 300			ADTIBUT	DADED NUMBER	
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2613		
			DATE MAIL ED: 00/21/2004	ς .	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/836,	096	GATEPIN, PHILIF	PPE				
		Examin	er	Art Unit					
		Dave Cz	ekaj	2613					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	tion appears on t	he cover sheet with	the correspondence ad	Idress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI nasions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statut are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF T B7 CFR 1.136(a). In no ocation. ory period will apply and by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICA event, however, may a rep will expire SIX (6) MONTI pplication to become ABA	ATION. Ily be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this c NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <i>13 July 2005</i> .							
,	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
7—									
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
4) 🖾	☑ Claim(s) <u>2-6</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>2-6</u> is/are rejected.								
7) 🗌	_								
8)□	· <u> </u>								
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2)	ot(s) See of References Cited (PTO-892) See of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Ser No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)	immary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

On pages 5-6 applicant argues that Wang cannot be modified with Wells since it would amount to modifying the principle of operation of the primary reference. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant's arguments are not persuasive since the principle of operation has not been identified. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 2-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang et al. (6167084), (hereinafter referred to as "Wang") in view of Wells et al. (6310915), (hereinafter referred to as "Wells").

Regarding claims 2 and 4, Wang discloses an apparatus that allocates bits in a statistical multiplexing system. This apparatus comprises "a regulation process that uses quantization scales and the input signal to obtain the output rate" (Wang: figure 4, wherein the regulation process is performed by the encoder and decoder), "computing an indicator of a compressed data quality for the respective transcoding channels, the indicator being computed from the input compressed data signal" (Wang: figure 6, column 11-column 12, wherein the

indicator is the complexity measure shown in equations 5 and 7-8, the compressed input signal is the compressed program), "allocating the output bit rate to the transcoding channel from a total output bit rate, indicator, and a sum of the indicators" (Wang: figure 6, column 8, lines 54-67- column 9, lines 1-25, wherein the output bit rate is the target number of bits, the sum of the indicators is the complexities of each frame) and the indicator is computed from an average of a function of average quantization scale and a number of bits used to encode the picture" (Wang: columns 11-12, wherein the average quantization scale is Q_{Int}, the number of bits used for the picture is R_{Int}). Although Wang shows calculating an indicator, Wang fails to show computing the indicator independent of the regulation process as claimed. Wells teaches that computing an indicator independent of a regulation process maintains the overall quality of video (Wells: column 4, lines 60-67 – column 5, lines 1-30, wherein the indicator is the complexity, figure 2, wherein the regulation process is performed by the encoder and decoder units). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the apparatus disclosed by Wang and add the indicator computation taught by Wells in order to obtain an apparatus that transmits better overall quality of video. One would be further motivated since Wang is silent on when (before or after the regulation process) the indicator is computed.

Regarding claim 3, Wang discloses "the indicator is computed from a weighted average of a set of averages calculated over the pictures" (Wang:

columns 11-12, wherein the averages is the quantization scale, the weight is the weighting factor K).

Regarding claims 5 and 6, note the examiners rejection for claim 1, and in addition Wang discloses "a set of transcoders for converting input compressed data at an input bit rate into output signals encoded at an output bit rate" (Wang: figures 3 and 6, wherein the transcoders convert the input bit rate into an output bit rate), "computing an indicator of a compressed data quality for the respective transcoding channels, the indicator being computed from the input compressed data signal" (Wang: figure 6, column 11-column 12, wherein the indicator is the complexity measure shown in equations 5 and 7-8, the compressed input signal is the compressed program), "allocating the output bit rate to the transcoding channel from a total output bit rate, indicator, and a sum of the indicators" (Wang: figure 6, column 8, lines 54-67- column 9, lines 1-25, wherein the output bit rate is the target number of bits, the sum of the indicators is the complexities of each frame), and a "multiplexer for providing a multiplexed signal at the output bit rate by multiplexing the output signals" (Wang: figure 6, item 660).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dave Czekaj whose telephone number is (571) 272-7327. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9 hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mehrdad Dastouri can be reached on (571) 272-7418. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DJC

PRIMARY EXAMINER